




CLERK, U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

**ENTERED**

THE DATE OF ENTRY IS ON  
THE COURT'S DOCKET

The following constitutes the ruling of the court and has the force and effect therein described.

Signed December 29, 2016

  
United States Bankruptcy Judge

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
FORT WORTH DIVISION**

IN RE:	§	
	§	CASE NO. 15-40289-rfn-11
LIFE PARTNERS HOLDINGS, INC.,	§	
DEBTOR	§	Hearing: December 15, 2016 1:30 p.m.

**FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF ORDER (Docket No. 3676) GRANTING REQUEST FOR ALLOWANCE AND PAYMENT OF SECTION 503(B) ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIM (Docket No. 3561)**

CAME ON TO BE CONSIDERED the Request For Allowance and Payment Of Section 503(b) Administrative Claim, [Docket No. 3561] (the "Application") filed by Wiley Law Group, PLLC., counsel for the Amicus Curiae Fractional Interest Holders ("Applicant") and the sole Objection filed thereto by the United States Trustee. Upon consideration of the Application, the record in this case, the evidence presented (and docket filings and proceedings of which the Court takes judicial notice), and the arguments of counsel and considering that no objection was filed by the statutory fiduciaries with whom Applicant worked during the case, the Court granted the Application, pursuant to the Order Granting Request for Allowance and Payment of Section 503(B) Administrative Claim, entered December 21, 2016 (Docket No.

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3676). In support of the Application and entry of the Order, the Court made its oral ruling and findings, which are incorporated herein as additional findings, by reference. The Court further finds as follows:

**FINDINGS OF FACT**

1. Applicant made a substantial contribution to the success of this case. The Court valued the Applicant's contribution and opinions before this Court. The Court's observation is that Applicant's efforts contributed to a solution of a complex business reorganization with multiple discrete issues. Applicant further advocated for concrete improvements to the negotiated solutions, which the Court, in many instances, agreed with.
2. Applicant's efforts and services and contributions made were not duplicative of the statutory fiduciaries and brought a different perspective to the case and the fiduciaries that was valuable and contributed to the success of the case.
3. Applicant, through its involvement, has provided a direct, significant and clearly demonstrable benefit to the estate. The following are specific, identifiable and tangible contributions made by Applicant—any one of which provided value for the investors and the estate in excess of the substantial contribution award being sought herein. Without limitation, Applicant:
  - a. Significantly assisted in the formulation of the structure of the initial plan through substantial participation in the negotiation of the term sheet (Trial Ex. 12 and 41; Docket No. 1032-1, Exhibit A) followed by extensive participation in the negotiation of the terms of the initial plan and all subsequent iterations thereof—including: (i) supporting the separate and non-duplicative efforts of Class Counsel and the Class Plaintiffs to compromise the "Ownership Issue" and allow investors to elect to retain ownership or pool their positions going forward; (ii) creation of a trust to own a pool of insurance positions contributed; (iii) creation of a litigation trust for rescinding fractional interest holders and unsecured creditors; (iv) supporting the separate and non-duplicative efforts of Class Counsel and the Class Plaintiffs to compromise of ownership issues for a percentage of all interest; (v) supporting the formation of the insurance trust that would own and operate the servicing company, or contract for such services, and

- (vi) supporting the borrowing by the estate from post-petition maturities, with 10% interest, pending confirmation of the plan (Trial Ex. 17, Docket No. 1073)—the basic structure of the plan ultimately confirmed;
- b. Advocated against the plan provision that only Post-Petition Maturities as of August 1, 2016, would be paid out to Investors who timely elected appropriately. Applicant negotiated with the Plan Proponents to amend the plan to provide that the Post-Petition Maturities that were to be paid out were those that matured within ten (10) days following confirmation -- which would be approximately November 11, 2016. The difference in maturities to be paid out between August 1, 2016 and November 11, 2016 is \$24,046,239.96. This provision was formally filed as a stipulation between Applicant and others identified and the Joint Plan Proponents. (Trial Ex. 46, Docket No. 3422).
  - c. Negotiated with Plan Proponents to amend the Plan provisions so that all Post-Petition Maturities were paid to investors regardless of election (or whether any election was made). Same was formally filed as a stipulation with the Court that was incorporated into the revised plan. (Trial Ex. 46, Docket No. 3422). Same was reflected in the ultimate plan confirmed as amended Section 4.21
  - d. Advocated for the preservation of an investor's right to claim ownership interest notwithstanding his filing of a proof of claim or failure to intervene in the pending adversary (in opposition to pending motion (Trial Ex. 9, Docket # 647 attempting to create a waiver) by filing an objection (Trial Ex. 10, Docket #683)—objection sustained and Court held investors filing a proof of claim, or not intervening, would not waive their right to claim ownership;
  - e. Advocated for removal of original Schedule F blanket scheduling of fractional interest holders as contingent, disputed and unliquidated, and for a corresponding extension of Bar Date. Extension of Bar Date agreed to and implemented by the Trustee through amendment of Debtor Life Partners, Inc.'s Schedule F on an Investor and by-position level.
  - f. Invested in technology to communicate with all clients through hosting bi-weekly webinars where vital intelligence was obtained with respect to challenges and issues raised under drafts of plan documents negotiated under Rule 408 confidentiality with the Plan Proponents. This intelligence was then shared with estate professionals representing the Plan Proponents to further assist in solutions to the complex plan issues, which included, *Inter alia*:
    - 1. Tax issues raised by ordinary income treatment on conversion of a traditional IRA to a continuing holder position, where the valuation of IRA positions by Custodians was at acquisition costs as opposed to

current fair market value based on plan assumptions that were materially lower as reflected in the IRA Note option under the Plan;

2. Actual procedures to be employed to effect elections of conversion options from IRA to continuing holder positions;
3. Tools to assist in deciding whether to pool or take a continuing holder position that provided alternative explanation to stochastic models provided by the Committee.

- g. One of the initial advocates, as aforementioned, following the filing by Class Counsel and Class Plaintiffs of the Ownership Adversary Proceeding for the preservation of an investor's right to claim ownership interest notwithstanding his filing of a proof of claim and failure to intervene in the pending adversary (in opposition to pending motion (Trial Ex. 9, Docket #647 attempting to create a waiver filed by Plan Proponents)—objection sustained and Court held investors filing a proof of claim , but not intervening, would not waive their right to claim ownership.
4. Applicant's participation was an integral and significant part of the formulation of resolution of the case when the case was otherwise at a critical and fatal impasse and which formulation was the bedrock of the confirmed plan.
  5. Applicant was, as aforementioned, instrumental in formulating the first financing available to the Estate, by using post-petition maturities, (Trial Ex. 13, 17, and 16, Docket No's. 958, 1073 and 1079) which was necessary to pay ongoing premium obligations, costs of administration and professional fees –when no other source of funding was available – and gaining support from the greater creditor body to support the reorganization efforts and interim financing mechanism.
  6. Applicant, as aforementioned, advocated for and obtained the improvements in the confirmed plan, as set forth in that certain stipulation and resolution of certain plan objections (Trial Ex. 46, Docket No. 3422), which terms were incorporated into the confirmed plan –which, at a minimum, caused an additional \$24 million to be distributed to investors from post-petition maturities, along with other economic improvements.

7. Applicant made a substantial contribution in the present case and the record in this case supports that Applicant has satisfied the standards of Section 503(B).
8. The contributions attributable to Applicant flow directly from Applicant's active involvement in this case.
9. The contributions attributable to Applicant benefitted all investors in this case.
10. The Application seeks reimbursement of expenses that were incurred by Applicant that were actual and necessary IT expenses incurred by Applicant to provide the contribution aforementioned of securing valuable intelligence from a representative number of fractional interest holders. The fees approved herein are reasonable, in terms of the time spent, the nature and extent and value of such services and are far less than the cost of comparable services being charged the estate in this case for a professional of similar experience and ability. The fees sought represent "actual and necessary" fees incurred in rendering the services outlined in the Application. The expenses were actual and necessary expenses incurred in rendering the services outlined I the Application.
11. Applicant had an overall positive effect on the outcome of this case.
12. The fact that Applicant might proceed to make a request for compensation for substantial contribution under 503(b) was duly noticed to all creditors in the approved Disclosure Statement (Docket No. 2500, Section 4.04, fn. 28) solicitation of approval of the plan.
13. The Applicant substantially and materially complied with Guidelines for estate professionals under Local Bankruptcy Rules for the Bankruptcy Courts of the Northern District of Texas ("Guidelines"). While the Applicant failed to itemize billings on a 10<sup>th</sup> of an hour basis, Applicant explained its billings were provided to clients based on its standard commercial practice with no expectation of review under the Guidelines. Applicant has further agreed to a material reduction of 40% off the face of its fee billings and 15% off its requested expense

reimbursement which the Court finds is an adequate reduction for any non-compliance with Guidelines or potential duplication of professional services rendered by estate professionals.

14. Applicant has also waived rights to pursue reimbursement of certain expenses ordinarily provided to estate professionals retained under 11 U.S.C. §327 under the Guidelines, such as, waiver of expenses for application preparation and defense which were substantial; courier; postage; filing fees; parking and air transportation. The Court recognizes these concessions as material recognition by Applicant that the Guidelines are not directly applicable to substantial contribution claims under 503(b) because of the difficulty to trace causal connection with such expenses with substantial benefit to the estate.

#### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

15. The Applicant made a substantial contribution which benefitted the bankruptcy proceedings under 11 U.S.C. 503§(b)(4) by providing professional services of an attorney to an 11 U.S.C. 503(b)(3) creditor group formed under Bankr. R. 2019. *In re DP Partners, Ltd.* 106 F.3d 667 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1997).
16. This court has expertise and the substantial base to evaluate the Application made by Applicant from observations of its conduct at trial and evidence adduced with respect to out-of-court conduct, which was no doubt of the same level of advocacy and proficiency. *American Beneficial Life Ins. Co. v. Baddock (In re First Colonial Corp.)*, 544 F.2d 1291 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1977).
17. The Applicant need not prove as a condition to recovery for substantial benefit that it had no self-deprecating, altruistic interest. *DP Partners, Supra.*
18. The Applicant's efforts are endorsed by prevailing 5<sup>th</sup> Circuit precedent to promote, under exceptional circumstances when required, meaningful contributions by non-estate professionals. Such exceptional circumstances here warranted the meaningful contributions

made by Applicant as detailed in the findings. *In re Consolidated Bancshares, Inc.*, 785 F.2d 1249 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1986).

19. The Applicant's efforts were not duplicative and in fact were at times adverse to the efforts of the formal committees and the Chapter 11 trustee toward the common objective of a plan of reorganization. *In re Mirant Corp.* 334 B.R. 113 (N.D. Tex. Ft. Worth Div. 2006).
20. The Applicant's efforts were of benefit to all creditors of the Estate and not limited to its clients. *Lebron v. Mechem*, 27 F.3d 937 (3<sup>rd</sup> Cir. 1994).
21. The Applicant's efforts were actual and necessary, and reasonable under *In re First Colonial, Supra*, and *Johnson v. Georgia Highway Express, Inc.*, 488 F. 2d 714 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir., 1974).
22. Reimbursement of fees advanced by the 11 U.S.C. §503(b)(3) entity toward achievement of the contribution, and not otherwise for services that were of benefit solely to the client members of the entity as requested in the Application is authorized. *In re Mirant, Supra*. Such reimbursement is not fee sharing prohibited under 11 U.S.C. §504. *Id.*
23. To the extent applicable a proposed finding of fact is a conclusion of law and *vice-versa*.

\*\*\*\*\*END OF ORDER\*\*\*\*\*.